



**1z0-042**

**Oracle Database 10g: Administration I**

**Exam number/code:** 1z0-042

**Exam name:** Oracle Database 10g: Administration I

**Questions & Answers:** 286 Q&A

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**Exam: 1z0-042 Certification Questions & Answers**

**Question 1:**

Which background process does Automatic Shared Memory Management use to coordinate the sizing of memory components?

- A. PMON
- B. SMON
- C. MMNL
- D. MMAN
- E. MMON

**Answer: D**

**Explanation:**

The Automatic Shared Memory Management feature uses a new background process named Memory Manager (MMAN). MMAN serves as the SGA Memory Broker and coordinates the sizing of the memory components. The SGA Memory Broker keeps track of the sizes of the components and pending resize operations  
REF.: Metalink Note:268197.1: New Background Processes In 10g

**Question 2:**

A user complains that he gets the following error message repeatedly after executing some SQL statements. The error message forces the user to log off from and log on to the database to continue his work.

ORA-02392: exceeded session limit on CPU usage, you are being logged off

Which action would you take to increase the session limit on CPU usage?

- A. Modify the profile assigned to the user.
- B. Modify the roles assigned to the users.
- C. Modify the object privileges assigned to the user.
- D. Modify the system privileges assigned to the users.
- E. Modify the value for the RESOURCE\_LIMIT parameter in the parameter file.

**Answer: A**

**Question 3:**

Users complain about the slow response time of queries. While investigating the cause you find that the Oracle Instance is not configured to cache all of the data blocks to satisfy the users' queries. Which component of the Oracle Instance would you change to improve performance?

- A. Java pool
- B. Large pool
- C. Shared pool
- D. Streams pool
- E. Library cache
- F. Redo log buffer
- G. Data dictionary cache
- H. Database buffer cache

**Answer: H**

**Question 4:**

Anyone who knows just the host name and the listener name can have full control over the listener. They can stop the listener and also obtain detailed information about the listener, database, and the configuration of the application. How would you avoid this scenario?

- A. lock the listener
- B. hide the listener
- C. create multiple listeners
- D. run listener on a remote client
- E. set a password for the listener
- F. store listener.ora in a non-default location

**Answer: E**

**Question 5:**

Exhibit:

1. Organize different categories of files into independent subdirectories.
2. Use consistent naming convention for database files. Testking
3. Separate administrative information pertaining to each database.

While planning to manage more than one database in your system, you perform the following activities:

Which option corresponds to the type of activities performed by you?

- A. Oracle Managed Files
- B. Oracle Grid Architecture
- C. Optimal Flexible Architecture
- D. Oracle database architecture

**Answer: C**

**Question 6:**

Which two are valid locking levels that are used by transactions in an Oracle database? (Choose two.)

- A. object level
- B. row level
- C. block level
- D. schema level
- E. database level

**Answer: A,B**

**Question 7:**

You have a text file that maintains information on thousands of items. The end-user application requires the transfer of that information into a table in the database. What would you use to achieve this task? (Choose two.)

- A. External table
- B. Oracle Import
- C. SQL\*Loader
- D. Oracle Text
- E. Data Pump

**Answer: A,C**

**Question 8:**

Which two statements about bigfile tablespaces are true? (Choose two.)

- A. Thebigfile tablespace can be converted to a smallfile tablespace.
- B. The segment space management is automatic.
- C. Thebigfile tablespace have only one data file.
- D. The database can have only onebigfile tablespace.
- E. The extent management is dictionary managed.

**Answer: B,C**

**Question 9:**

You work as a database administrator for TestKing.com. When you tried to connect to the database, you received the following error:

```
ERROR:  
ORA-12541: TNS:no_listener
```

You found that the listener is not running on the server, so you issued the following command in the Listener Control utility to start the listener.

```
lsnrctl>START
```

What statement is true?

- A. It would attempt to start the default listener
- B. it would start the most recently created listener.
- C. It would display an error with a message asking for the listener name to be specified.
- D. It would show you a list of listeners and prompts for the listener name that you want to start.

**Answer: A**

**Question 10:**

The user SCOTT executes the following command successfully to increase the salary values in one of his sessions:

```
SQL> UPDATE emp SET sal=sal*1.15 WHERE deptno=20;
```

Before SCOTT ends the transaction, user HR who has the privileges on EMP table executes a query to fetch the salary details but finds the old salary values instead of the increased values.

Why does HR still see the old data?

- A. because of data from database buffer cache
- B. because of data from a temporarytablespace

- C. because of undo data from the undotablespace
- D. because of redo data from redo log file

**Answer: C**

**Question 11:**

You work as a database administrator for TestKing.com. Your database is in the MOUNT state and you execute the following command to open it

```
ALTER DATABASE OPEN;
```

What two actions are performed as a result of this command? Choose two.

- A. All control files are opened
- B. All redo files are opened
- C. The password file is opened
- D. The parameter file is opened
- E. All online data files are opened

**Answer: B,E**

**Question 12:**

You want to administer your PROD database from a remote host machine using a Web-enabled interface. Which Oracle tool would you use to accomplish this task efficiently without using command-line interfaces?

- A. SQL\*Plus
- B. iSQL\*Plus
- C. Management Server
- D. Management Repository
- E. Oracle Enterprise Manager 10g Database Control

**Answer: E**

**Question 13:**

You need to rename a data file of a tablespace. How would you perform this?

- A. bring the database to the NOMOUNT state, rename the data file using the operating system, and then execute the ALTER TABLESPACE...RENAME DATAFILE .. statement
- B. take the tablespace that contains the data file offline, rename the data file using the operating system, execute the ALTER DATABASE...RENAME DATAFILE .. statement, and bring the tablespace online
- C. take the tablespace that contains the data file offline, rename the data file using the operating system, execute the ALTER TABLESPACE...RENAME DATAFILE .. statement, and bring the tablespace online
- D. make the tablespace that contains the data file read only, rename the data file using the operating system, execute the ALTER TABLESPACE... RENAME DATAFILE .. statement to rename the data file, and make the tablespace read/write

**Answer: C**

**Question 14:**

Exhibit

```
SQL> CREATE USER testkinguser03  
IDENTIFIED BY oracle  
DEFAULT TABLESPACE testkingtbs7  
TEMPORARY TABLESPACE temp  
PROFILE default  
/
```

Testking

```
SQL> GRANT create session, create table TO Testkinguser03;
```

You work as a database administrator for TestKing.com. While executing the command line to create a table, the user gets the following error message and the CREATE TABLE... command fails.

ERROR at line 1:  
ORA-01950: no privileges on tablespace

What could be the possible reason for this error message?

- A. The tablespace testkingtbs7 is full.
- B. The user is not the owner of the SYSTEM tablespace.
- C. The user does not have quota on the testking7 tablespace.
- D. The user does not have sufficient system privileges to create table in the testking7 tablespace.
- E. The user does not have sufficient privileges to create table on the default permanent tablespace

**Answer: C**

**Question 15:**

Your application demands frequent connection and disconnection from the database. You have three listener processes that are listening for the database PROD. While setting up the connect string using Oracle Enterprise Manager 10g Database Control, which two options would you select to balance the connection load across all the listener processes? (Choose two.)

- A. Use only the first address.
- B. Try one address, selected at random.
- C. Try each address, in order, until one succeeds.
- D. Try each address, randomly, until one succeeds.

**Answer: B,D**

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